

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification

Trade name Product code	: Famowood Wood Filler - Latex Formula : 10301820
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/1/2015
Supplier	: Willamette Valley Company 1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 USA 541-484-9621
Responsible name	: Regulatory Compliance
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: CALL INFOTRAC 800-535-5053 001-352-323-3500 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Putty.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200), this MSDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product. This MSDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.
Classification of the	: Not classified.
substance or mixture	
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: No signal word.
Hazard statements	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Precautionary statements	<u>S</u>
General	 Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Wood dust particles	1-5%	9004-34-6
crystalline silica respirable	<1%	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures		
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. 	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.	
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed		

Potential acute healtl Eye contact	 1 effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards. 				
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Over-exposure signs/symptoms					
Eye contact	: No specific data.				
Inhalation	: No specific data.				
Skin contact	: No specific data.				
Ingestion	: No specific data.				
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary					

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
: None known.
: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Non-flammable.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	onta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures Advice on general occupational hygiene	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	re
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Wood dust particles	 NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 5 mg/mÅ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/mÅ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 5 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/mÅ³ 8 hours.
crystalline silica respirable	 OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Total dust. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls		Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measure	<u>95</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Wear eye/face protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Protective gloves should be worn under normal conditions of use.
Body protection	: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid direct contact with the human body.
Other skin protection	: No additional risk management measures required.
Respiratory protection	: If dust is generated and ventilation is inadequate, use respirator that will protect against dust/mist. Recommended disposable particulate mask .
	This product may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates, which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. Wear a dust/mist respirator approved for dust when dusts are generated from sanding or

abrading the dried film.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Paste.]
Color	: Various
Odor	: Slight
рН	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >100°C (>212°F)
Flash point	: Not available.
Flammability	: Non-flammable.
Evaporation rate	: >1 (Water = 1)
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Specific gravity	: 1.59 to 1.72
Solubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: water.
VOC (wt%)	: 0.54 - 0.59%
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxi	city

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Wood dust particles	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Limestone and natural iron oxide used in making this product contain crystaline silica as an impurity. Repeated, prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline dusts may increase the risk of developing a disabling lung disease called silicosis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) reports there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogencity of inhaled crystalline silica from occupational sources. Based on studies of workers in industrial and occupational settings, The National Toxicology Program (NTP) Ninth Report on Carcinogens lists crystalline silica (respirable) as a substance known to be a carcinogen to humans. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Wood dust particles crystalline silica respirable	-	1	- Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

routes of exposure

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: This product may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates, which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. Wear a dust/mist respirator approved for dust when dusts are generated from sanding or abrading the dried film.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and
	sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class (es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Not available.	Not available.	-	Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.	
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SARA 311/312

Classification

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

: Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/1/2015	7/8	

Section 15. Regulatory information

The California listing of silica, crystalline as a carcinogen is qualified as "airborne particles of respirable size". Wood Dust Particles Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator.

Ingredient name Wood dust particles		<u>Cancer</u> Yes.	<mark>Reproductive</mark> No.
Crystalline Silica		Yes.	No.
WHMIS (Canada)	: Not controlled	under WHMIS (Canada).	
Canada inventory	: All component	ts are listed or exempted.	
International regulations			
International lists	China invento Japan invento Korea invento Malaysia Inve New Zealand Philippines in	entory (AICS): Not determined. ory (IECSC): Not determined. ory: Not determined. ory: All components are listed or exentory (EHS Register): Not determ Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): oventory (PICCS): Not determined.	nined. Not determined.
EU Inventory	: Not determine	d.	

Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.